The 21st WEPA Annual Meeting

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Pollution Control Department (PCD)

Ministry of Natural Resource and Environment (MoNRE)





1.1 Regulatory framework for wastewater management

Law & Regulations

- Enhancement and Conservation of National Environmental Quality Act, 1992
- Ministerial Notification on Effluent Standards amended 2016)
- Pollution Control Committee provisional standards

Scope

- Apply to all factories, estates, zones nationwide
- General + industry-specific standards
- Provisional measures for upgrading systems

Key Agencies

- MNRE national policy & oversight
- PCD standards drafting, enforcement, monitoring
- Local Governments inspections & reporting

Coordination

MNRE – PCD – Local government, Industry associations acadimia, NGOs, use of "blind data" for

Approach

- Legal enforcement + cooperation with industry
- Science-based, internationally aligned
- Provisions for future updates





About Organization: Pollution Control Department



PCD

Water Quality Management Division (WQM)

Environment and Pollution Control Office 1 -16

(Regional across the country)

Inland Water Subdivision

Industrial Wastewater Subdivision

Domestic Wastewater Subdivision

Marine Water Subdivision

Agricultural Wastewater Subdivision

Administrative Subdivision

Planning and Evaluation Subdivision

Responsibilities: water pollution control and management

Establish water pollution control policy

Formulate water quality standards and strategies

Monitor water quality & water pollution

Provide water pollution advice



Responsibilities: water pollution control and management

Create a local environmental pollution management plan.

Suggest standards based on local sources.

Monitor and report on local water quality and environmental conditions and Provide water pollution advice



1.2 Water Quality Standard





Environment Standard (Section 32)

- Water Quality Standard for River, Canal,Creek, Swamp, and Reservoir
- Coastal/Marine Water Quality at the river's mouth

Type of Pollution Sources (Section 69)

Duty of Pollution Source Owner

Effluent Standards (Section 55)



Domestic Wastewater

- Allocated land
- Central Treatment Plant
- Gas Stations
- Some size and type of building



Agriculture Wastewater

- Coastal aquaculture pond
- Brackish aquatic animal breeding pond
- Freshwater aquaculture pond
- Pig Farm



Industrial Wastewater

- General Factories
- Pulp and Paper Factory
- Sea water desalination
- Bleaching, polishing, or coating the leather
- Animal Feed Production



13 State of Water Quality



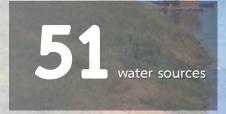
Current Situation

Surface Water Quality Standard

Proportions of Water Quality Meeting and Not Meeting Standards in Thailand (2024)

2024, Results of water quality monitoring of major water sources were compared with surface water standards

59 water sources found that



non standard

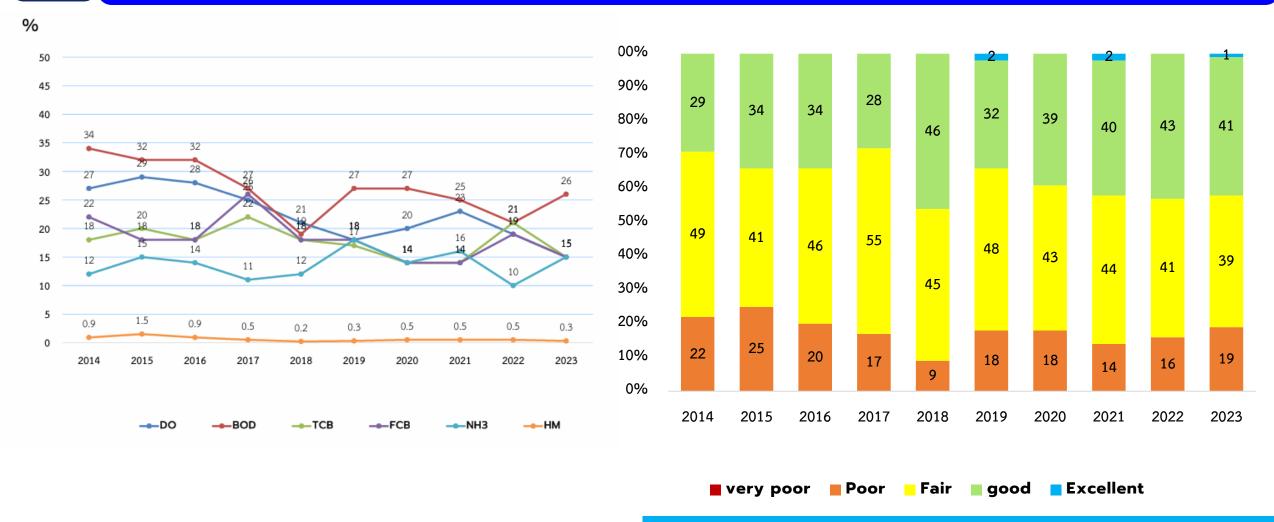
(86%) did not meet the Surface Water Quality Standards.



standard

(14%) that meet Surface Water Quality Standards.

1.3 State of Water Quality



Percentage of water quality parameters that non-compile with the Surface water quality standard class 3

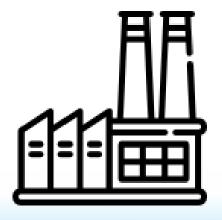
Proportions of water quality from 59 water bodies which failed to meet the surface water quality standard class 3



1.4

Basic regulations on industrial wastewater management

- Wastewater Effluent General std.
- Wastewater Effluent Specific Std.
 - Filtration and polishing
 - Desalination of seawater to produce fresh water
 - Paper tissue
 - Hydroelectric power generation, slaughterhouses
 /animal processing plants/animal feed production
 /starch-based food production/seasoning production
 - Small-scale enterprises or businesses





1.4

Effluent quality standard parameters: General





Thailand – Notification of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment, effective 6 June 2017

Effluent Standards

- Cover 27 parameters
 - Physical >> pH, temperature, color ,TDS
 - Organic pollution >> BOD, COD, TSS, Oil &

Grease, TN, TP

- Toxicity >> Phenols, Cyanide, Sulfide,

Formaldehyde, Free Chlorine, Pesticides

– Heavy metals >> Zn, Cu, Cd, Ba, Pb, Ni, Mn, Cr⁶⁺, Cr,

As, Se

Coverage

 General standards apply nationwide; specific standards for certain sectors

2016 Amendment

 Introduced numeric color limit; abolished odor standard; clarified measurement methods

Provisional Measures

Cover 27 parameters

Temporary allowances for some industries to upgrade treatment systems before meeting full standards

Legal Basis

- Issued under Environmental Quality Act;
- Enforced by PCD with coordination from local governments



Basis for the standards

Category	Parameter	Standard Limit	Unit
	рН	5.5 – 9.0	-
	Temperature	≤ 40	°C
Basic Parameters	Color	≤ 300	ADMI
	Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	≤ 3,000 (general water bodies) ≤ 5,000 (naturally high TDS)	mg/L
	Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	≤ 50	mg/L
	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD 5)	≤ 20	mg/L
Pollution Load Parameters	Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	≤ 120	mg/L
	Oil & Grease	≤ 5	mg/L
	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	≤ 100	mg/L
	Phenols	≤ 1	mg/L
	Cyanide	≤ 0.2	mg/L
Toxic Substances	Sulfide	≤ 1	mg/L
	Formaldehyde	≤ 1	mg/L
	Free Chlorine	≤ 1	mg/L
tig	Pesticides	Not detectable	

Basis for the standards

Parameter	Standard Limit	Unit
Zinc (Zn)	≤ 5.0	mg/L
Copper (Cu)	≤ 2.0	mg/L
Cadmium (Cd)	≤ 0.03	mg/L
Barium (Ba)	≤ 1.0	mg/L
Lead (Pb)	≤ 0.2	mg/L
Nickel (Ni)	≤ 1.0	mg/L
Manganese (Mn)	≤ 5.0	mg/L
Chromium VI	≤ 0.25	mg/L
Total Chromium	≤ 0.75	mg/L
Arsenic (As)	≤ 0.25	mg/L
Selenium (Se)	≤ 0.02	mg/L
Mercury (Hg)	≤ 0.005	mg/L
	Zinc (Zn) Copper (Cu) Cadmium (Cd) Barium (Ba) Lead (Pb) Nickel (Ni) Manganese (Mn) Chromium VI Total Chromium Arsenic (As) Selenium (Se)	Zinc (Zn) ≤ 5.0 Copper (Cu) ≤ 2.0 Cadmium (Cd) ≤ 0.03 Barium (Ba) ≤ 1.0 Lead (Pb) ≤ 0.2 Nickel (Ni) ≤ 1.0 Manganese (Mn) ≤ 5.0 Chromium VI ≤ 0.25 Total Chromium ≤ 0.75 Arsenic (As) ≤ 0.25 Selenium (Se) ≤ 0.02



Basis for the standards

Key Parameter	Basis for Standard Value
pH (5.5–9.0)	From international standards; protect aquatic life; prevent corrosion/scale
Temperature (≤ 40°C)	Prevent oxygen depletion & ecosystem stress from high temp
Color (≤ 300 ADMI)	Converted to measurable value for enforceability (2016 revision)
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	Avoid salinity/dissolved solids harmful to aquatic organisms
Total Suspended Solids (≤ 50 mg/L)	Reduce sedimentation & protect habitats
BOD	Reflect treatment capacity; updated to align with new technologies
COD	Based on treatable organic/oxidizable substances; protect downstream water
Oil & Grease (≤ 5 mg/L)	Prevent surface films inhibiting oxygen transfer
Free Chlorine (≤ 1 mg/L)	Prevent chlorine toxicity to aquatic life
Total Nitrogen (TN)	Prevent eutrophication in nutrient-sensitive waters
Total Phosphorus (TP)	Prevent algal blooms; benchmarked with IFC, EU, China
Toxic Substances / Heavy Metals	Limited application; aligned with national capacity & readiness

Policies and Measures to Improve Compliance with Industry Regulations

Standards & Requirements

- Update effluent discharge standards to match current treatment technologies, environmental capacity, and international benchmarks
- Develop sector-specific discharge limits reflecting pollutant characteristics and production processes
- Require regular monitoring, on-site sampling, and submission of effluent quality reports to authorities
- Introduce nutrient control parameters (e.g., TN,
 TP) for sensitive water bodies

Capacity Building & Support

- Provide training programs, workshops, and technical manuals for industry operators
- Promote adoption of Best Available Techniques (BAT) and costeffective pollution control technologies
- Support industry-led initiatives for cleaner production and resource efficiency
- Engage stakeholders through consultations, focus groups, and advisory committees

Enforcement & Collaboration

- Strengthen enforcement with clear legal procedures, penalties, and compliance timelines
- Conduct joint inspections with local authorities and environmental agencies
- Establish transparent compliance tracking systems and public disclosure of performance
- Encourage cooperative agreements between regulators and industries for continuous improvement



1.6

Compliance: Incentives and Penalties

Incentive



Public recognition and awards

- Green Industry Award
- Thailand Green Label



Financial incentives

- Tax reduction for certified green factories
- Low-interest loans for pollution control equipment



Institutional incentives

- Priority handling of permits and licenses
- Reduced inspection frequency for high performers



Other benefits

- Recognition via official websites or media
- Inclusion in government supplier lists





Imprisonment

- For severe or repeated violations under environmental laws



Fines

- Monetary penalties per regulations
- Daily fines for exceeding effluent standards



Other measures

- Temporary/permanent suspension of operations
- License revocation
- Mandatory corrective actions



Public disclosure

- Publishing names of non-compliant facilities





Other Relevant Measures in Industrial Wastewater Management



Public-Private Partnerships (PPP) - Gov-industry cooperation



Zero Discharge & Circular Water – Reuse & closed-loop



Eco-Industrial Town Program – Integrated environmental management



Advanced Treatment Technologies – MBR, RO, wetlands



Digital Monitoring Systems – Real-time tracking



Capacity Building & Training - Skills & compliance

Establishment of Effluent Discharge Standards for Animal Feed Production Plants







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FACEBOOK



WEBSITE

https://www.facebook.com/PCD.go.th

www.pcd.go.th

1.3 Basic regulations on industrial wastewater management

Subject to regulation		
Types of industries	All industries Selected industries Standards are applied to factory Group II and III categories and all industrial estates under the Factory Act B.E. 2535 (1992).	
Applicable effluent volume	Please specify if there are any differences in the enforcement of standards depending on effluent volume.	
How are the standard values set?	Uniform Depend on sectors Other (specify:)	
Possibilities of setting more stringent standards	Yes No Local governments (provincial and municipal) have the authority to set stricter wastewater discharge standards than national standards.	
Transition periods, provisional standards, or other (to give industries time to adapt to emission standards)	Transition period Provisional standards Other (specify: (Please explain in a separate slide and	
Relevant laws to regulate effluent qualities from industries	 indicate the slide number here) Factory Act B.E. 2535 (1992) Decree on Industrial Effluent Control Standard B.E. 2559 (2016) Regulations of Industrial Pollution Control Excilitios (1982) 	

Monitoring and inspection		
Monitoring method	Self (automated) Gov. or 3 rd party	
Monitoring parameter(s)	General effluent standard: 15 parameters and 16 heavy metals Type specific effuluent standards: ??? (Please specify the parameters in a separate slide and indicate the slide number here)	
Frequency	???	
Inspecting agency	DIW (Department of industrial works) is the main role of inspection. In case of complaint, PCD always contact DIW firstly before starting inspection procedure	
Inspection	???	
Reporting obligation	???	
Reporting to (whom)	Likely submitted to DIW???	
Number of	140,000 factories in 77 provinces (FY2023)	